

LESSONS FROM DISRUPTION
Silvana Richardson
Bell Educational Services













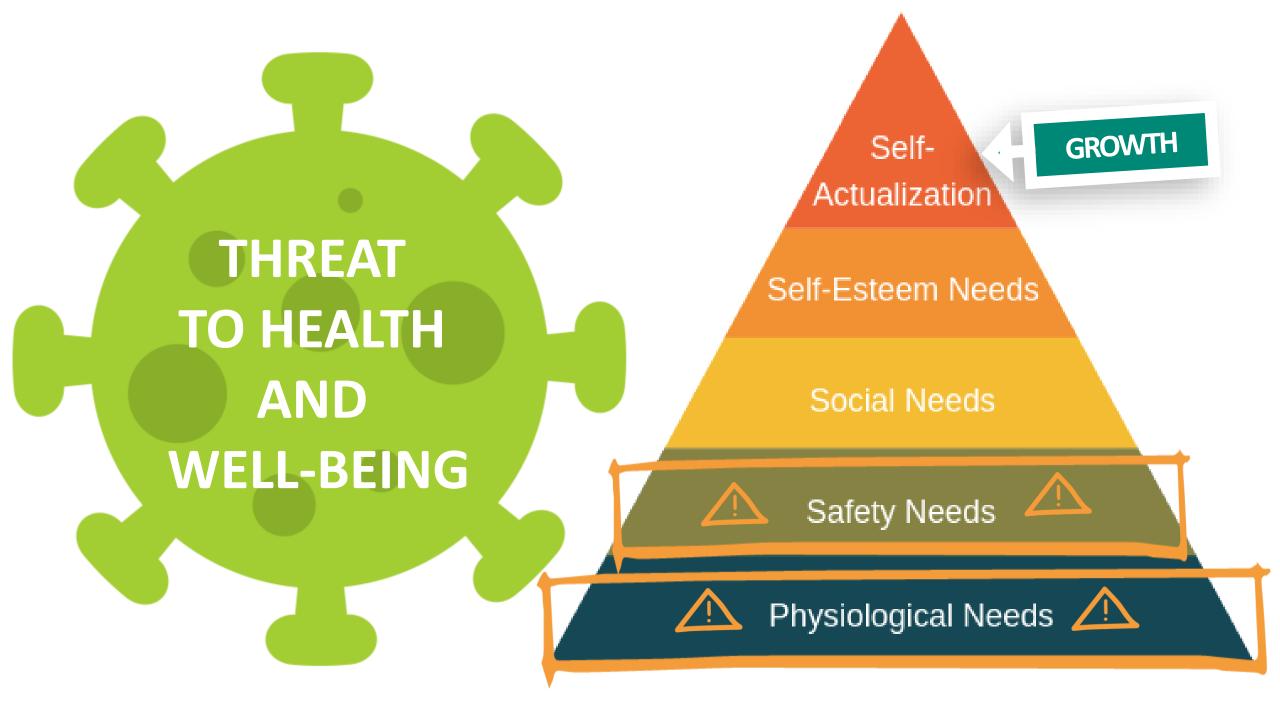


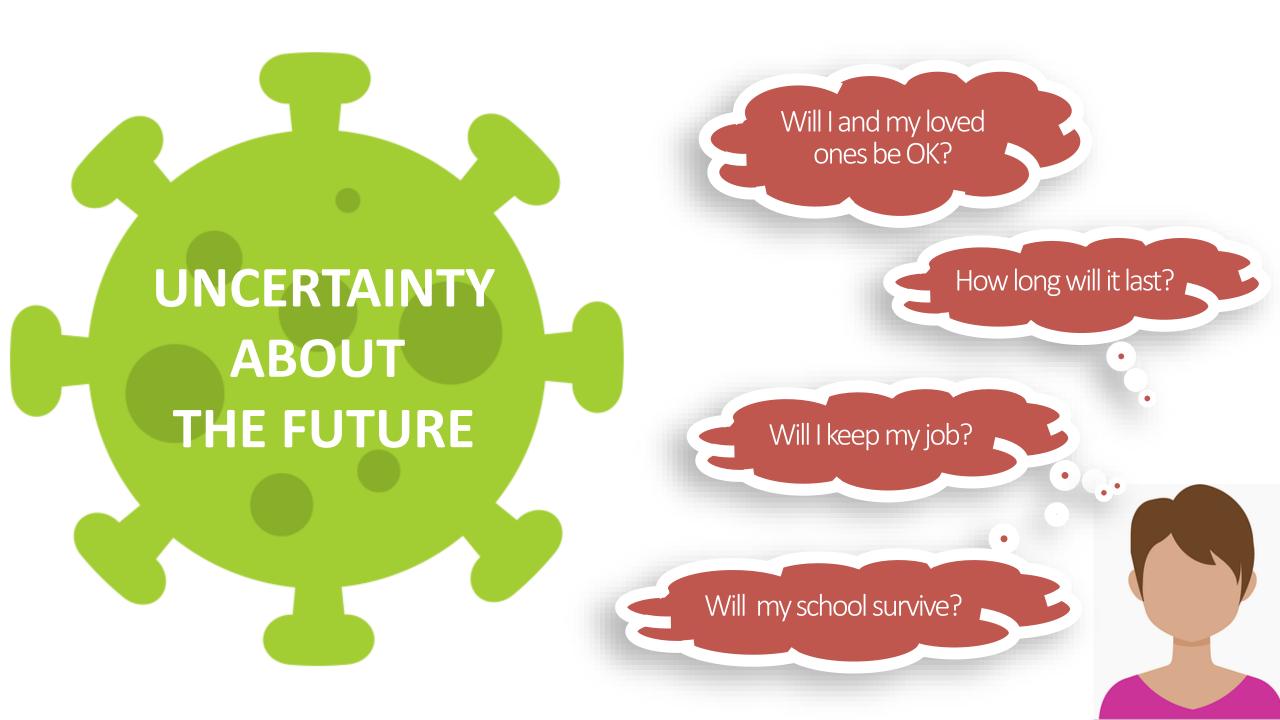


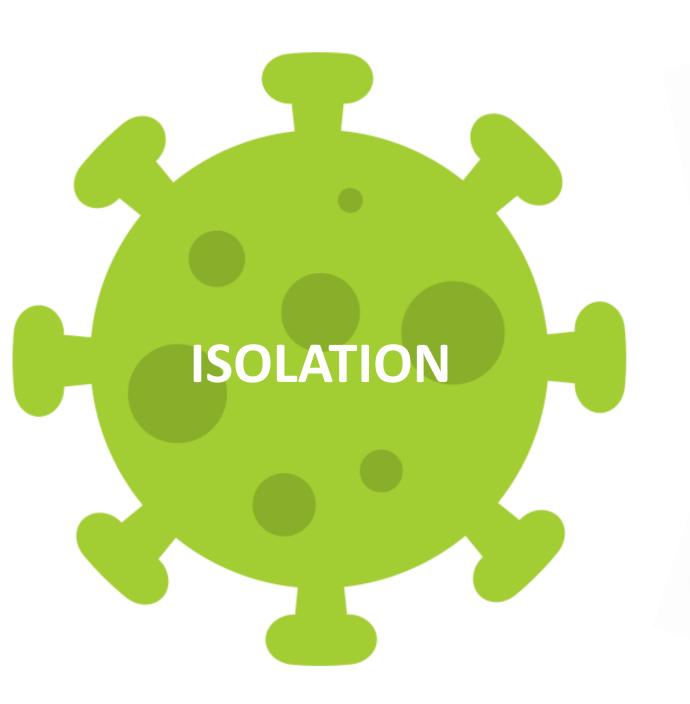




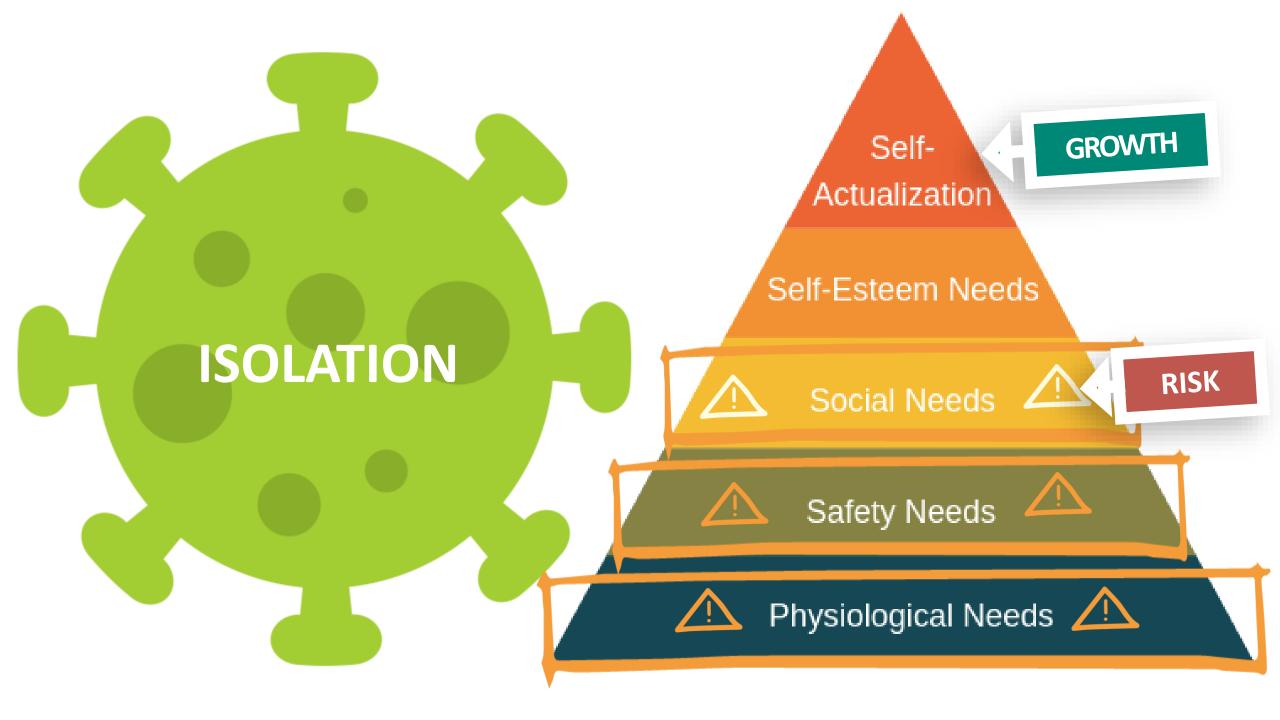






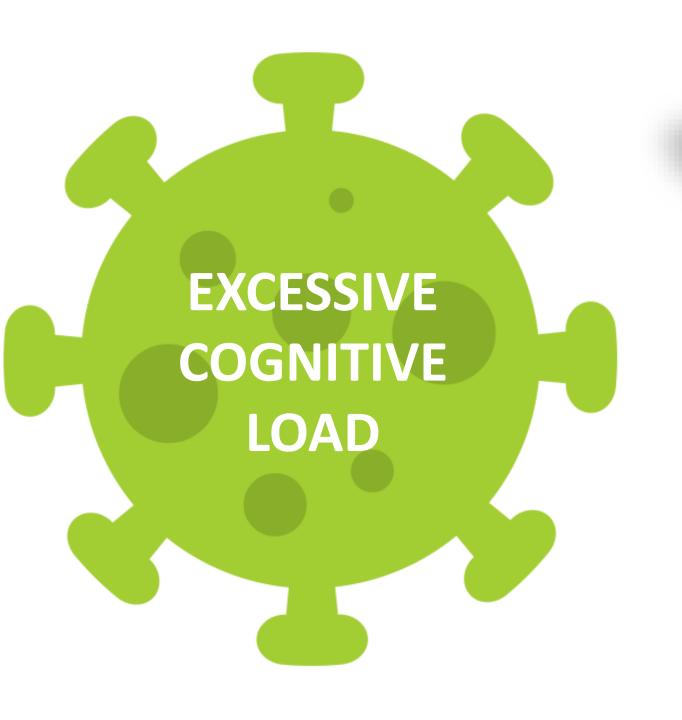




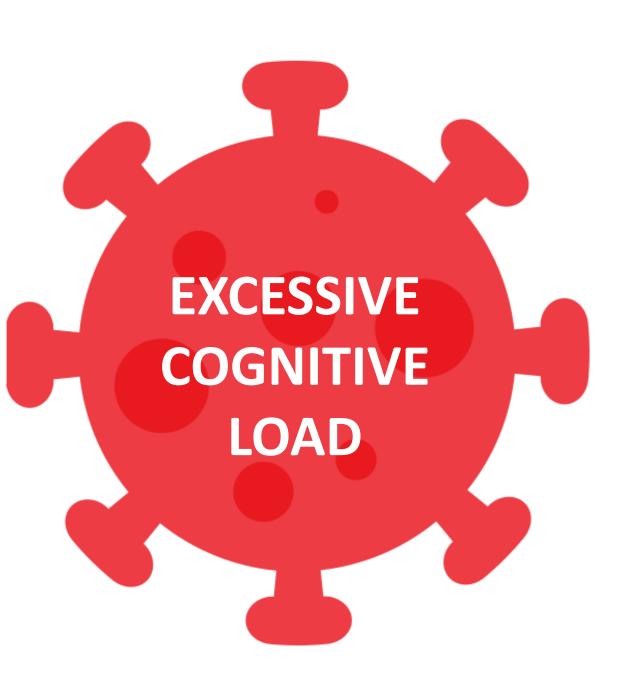


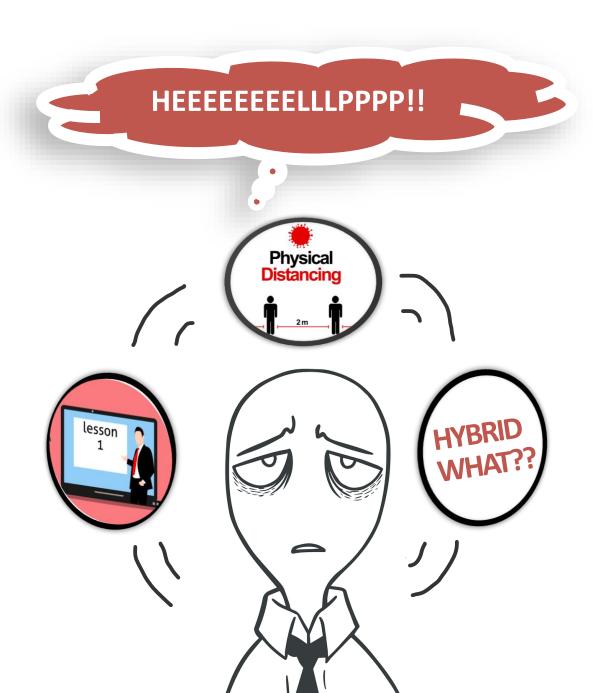


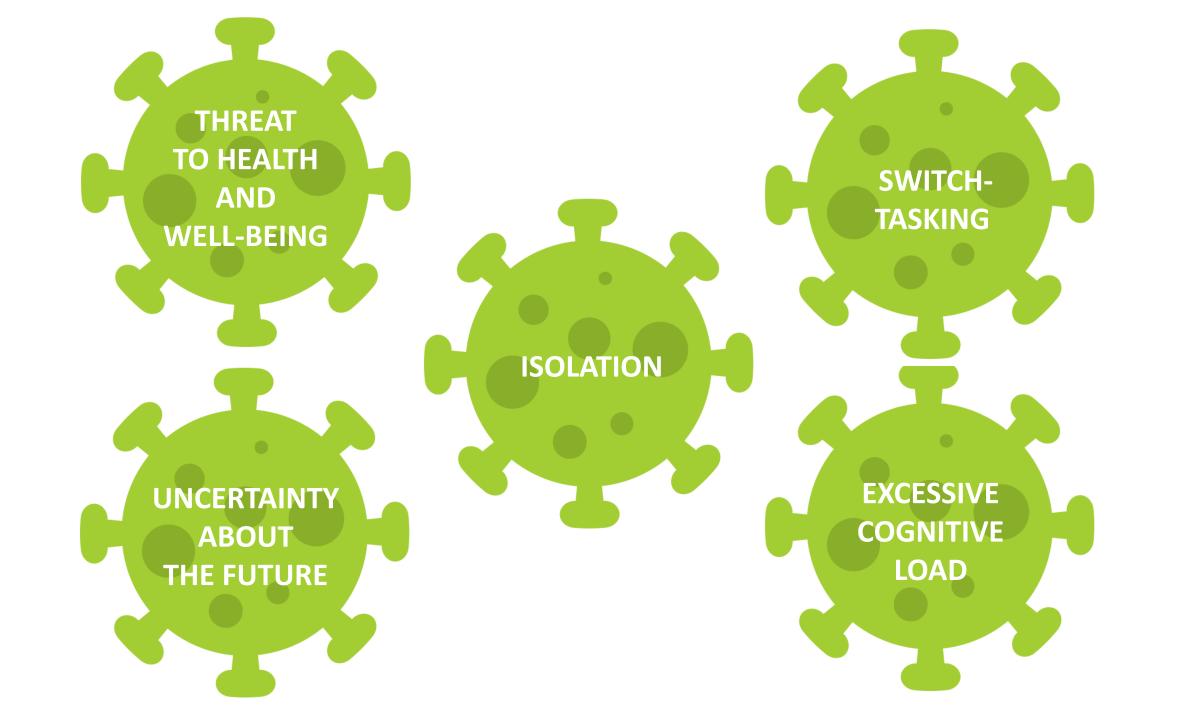








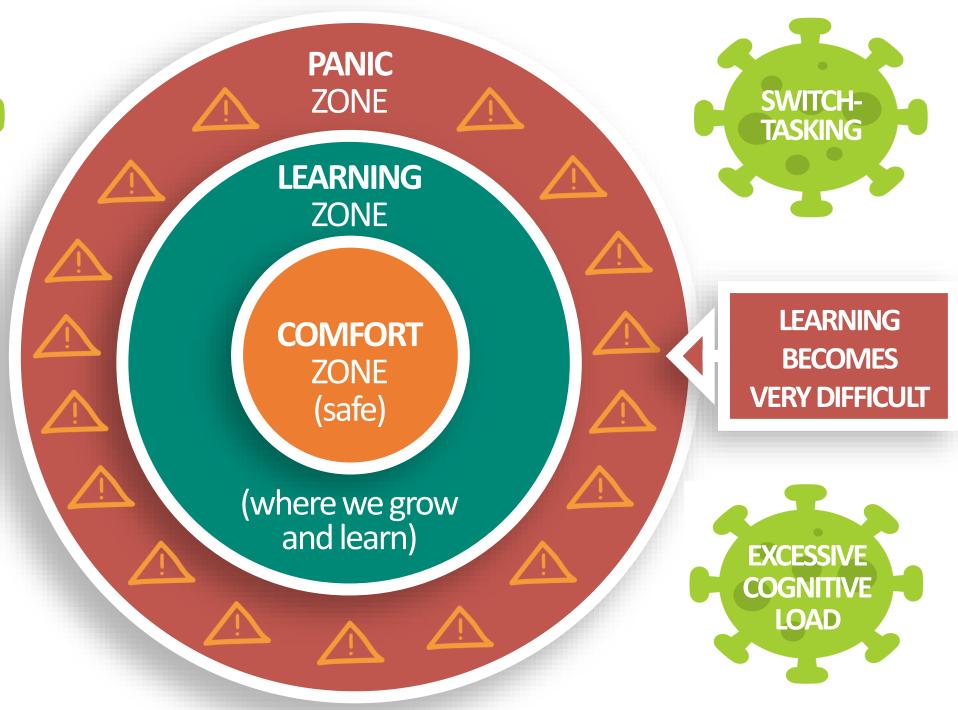




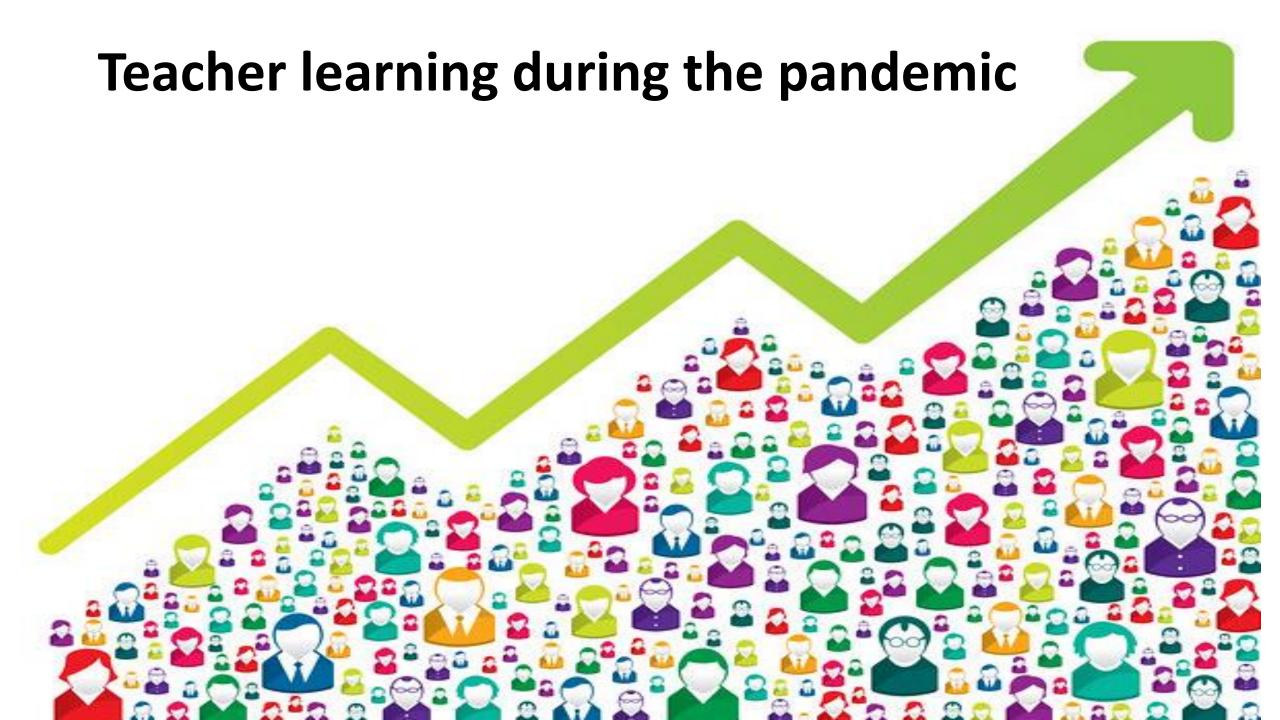


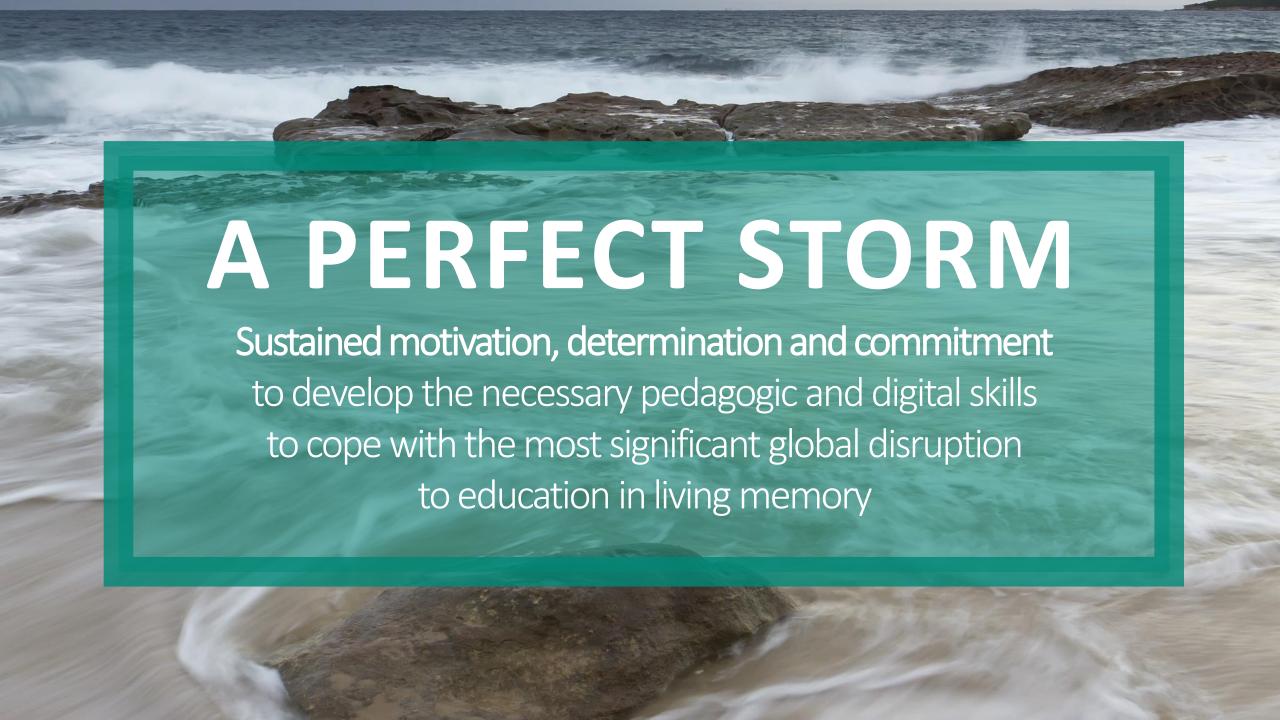


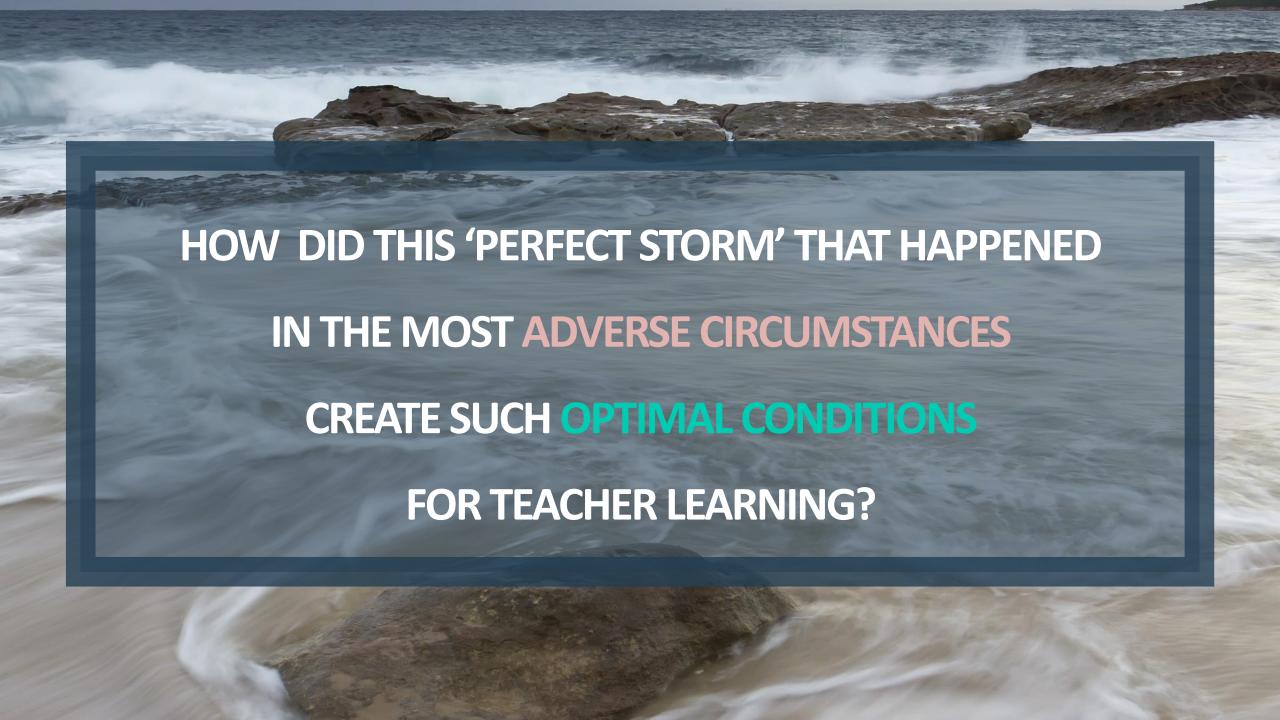


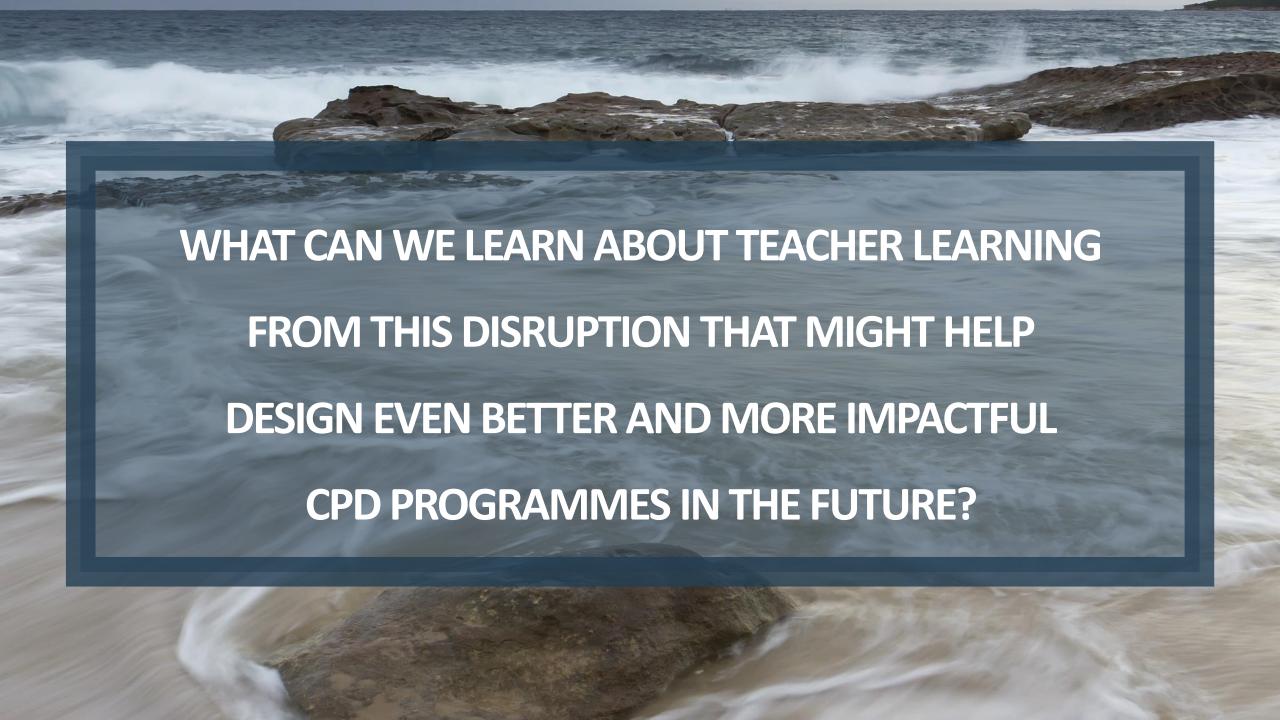












#### Understanding the perfect storm



Answer the question below in the chat box

What do you think were the 'ingredients' that led to optimal conditions for teacher learning over the last 15 months? e.g. *Needs must!* 

#### **Session content**

1. 'INGREDIENTS' FOR OPTIMAL TEACHER LEARNING

2. THEIR PRESENCE OR OTHERWISE IN CPD IN 'NORMAL TIMES'

3. INTEGRATING KEY INSIGHTS INTO POST-PANDEMIC CPD

#### **Session content**

1. 'INGREDIENTS' FOR OPTIMAL TEACHER LEARNING

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# The key 'ingredients'



- 1. The need to learn was obvious
- 2. What was learnt was relevant
- 3. A sense of urgency to apply learning
- 4. No 'us' and 'them'
- One-step 'aheadness'the nick of
- 6. Just-in time learning

#### 1. The need to learn was obvious



We'll have to close the school and start teaching online.

So, we're gonna have a few workshops to learn how to teach using Zoom.

WHAT??? OMG!
I'd better get to
grips with online
teaching!

Sure. I'll be there!

#### 2. What was learnt was relevant



## 3. A sense of urgency



We'll close the school next week and we'll start teaching online.

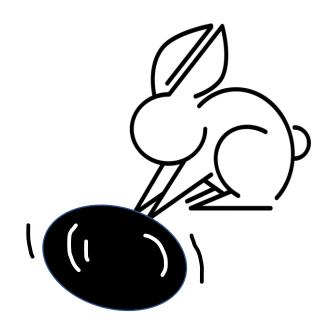




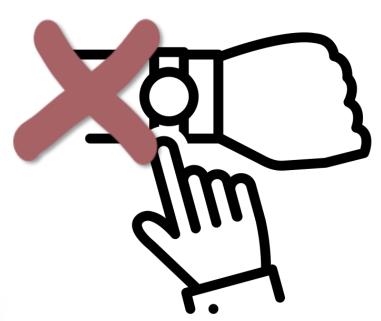


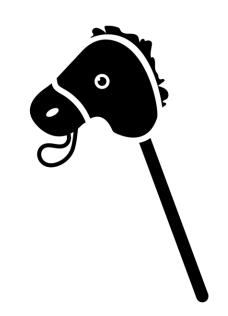
# 3. A sense of urgency







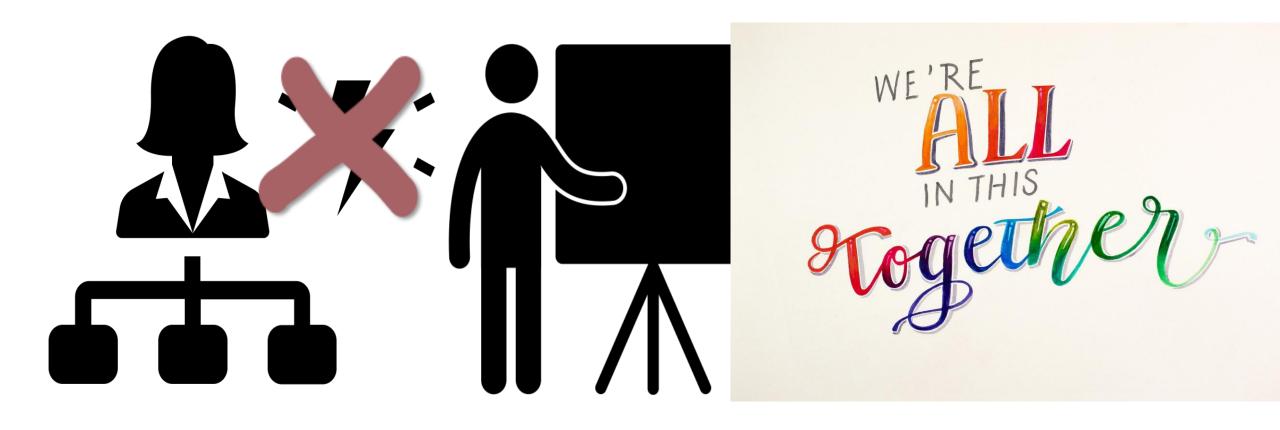






#### 4. No 'us' and 'them'





## 5. One-step 'aheadness'

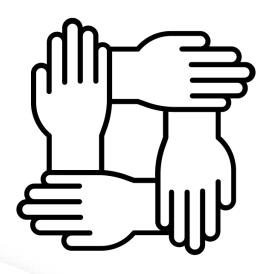


I'd better test and troubleshoot the hybrid cam, mic and hybrid classroom layout ASAP for tomorrow's training session! Bell

# 5. One-step 'aheadness'



ARGGHH! Really!?!?!? Why isn't it working?!?!?



She seems to be struggling a little...

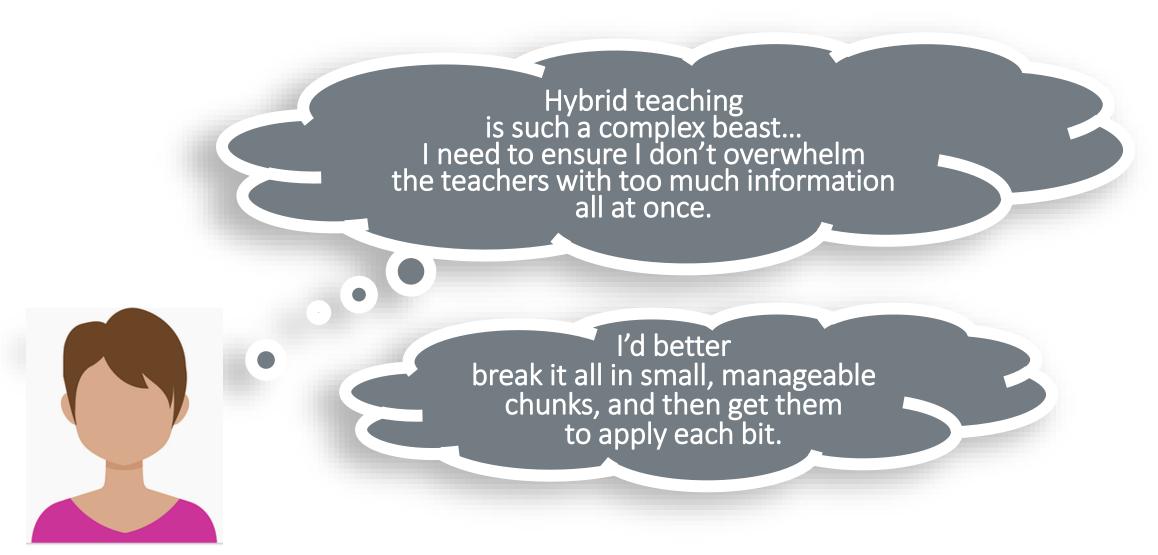
Sorry, guys.
It seems to have stopped working.
Bear with me a sec.

Let me give you a hand.



## 6. Just-in-time learning





# The key ingredients of optimal teacher learning during the pandemic

Which of the six 'ingredients' we have just explored ring true for your own context? Type the corresponding numbers in the chat box.

- 1. The need to learn was obvious
- 2. What was learnt was relevant
- 3. A sense of urgency to apply learning
- 4. No 'us' and 'them'

If all resonate, write 'all.'

- 5. One-step 'aheadness'
- 6. Just-in-time learning

#### Session content

1. 'INGREDIENTS' FOR OPTIMAL TEACHER LEARNIG

2. THEIR PRESENCE OR OTHERWISE IN CPD IN 'NORMAL TIMES'

3. INTEGRATING KEY INSIGHTS INTO POST-PANDEMIC CPD

# 1. Is the need to learn obvious?





Is the need to learn equally obvious in CPD in 'normal times'?

Even when it *is* obvious for managers and teacher educators, *is* it equally clear to teachers that what the CPD programme presents is actually worth learning?

Do we bother to make the case for learning something when the CPD programme is organisation-driven?

# 1. The need to learn is obvious

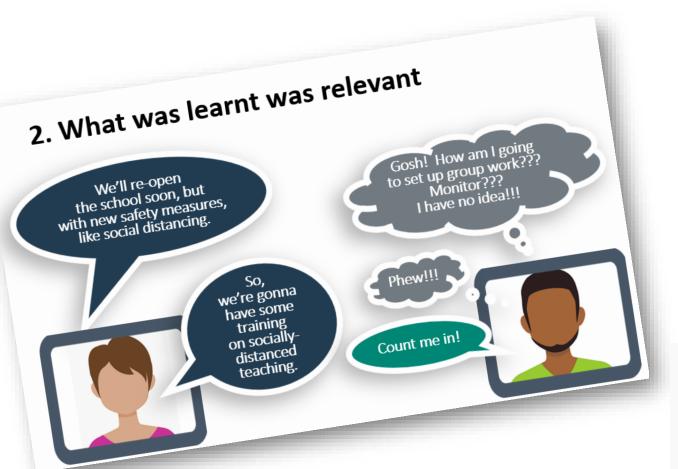




WE COULD BE (EVEN MORE) EXPLICIT
AND CLEAR(ER) ABOUT WHY WE ALL
NEED TO LEARN SOMETHING, AND
ABOUT THE IMPACT OF LEARNING IT

# 2. Is what is taught relevant?



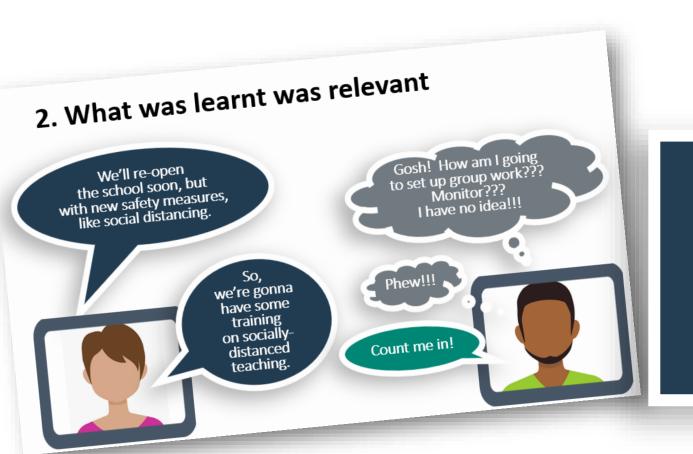


Is what is taught in my organisation's CPD programme in 'normal times' directly relevant to all our teachers?



## 2. Is what is taught relevant?





TEACHERS BUY INTO CPD
WHEN ITS RELEVANCE TO THEIR WORK
AND THEIR STUDENTS' LEARNING
IS EVIDENT

## 3. A sense of urgency





How do we take advantage of and manage time in CPD in 'normal times'?

Not always

## 3. A sense of urgency during CPD





1. INEFFECTIVE MANAGEMENT

SIGH!
I've got soooo much to do,
and I'm sitting here
wasting time, learning
nothing useful.

2. INEFECTIVE APPROACHES

Disconnected one-off sessions

Death by 'Here's another one'



## 3. A sense of urgency to apply learning?



#### THE PROBLEM OF ENACTMENT

How a professional development program helps teachers translate new ideas into their own systems of practice is important because PD programs typically meet with teachers outside of their classrooms to talk about teaching, yet they expect their words to alter teachers' behaviors inside the classroom.

PD programs are at risk of the problem of enactment - teachers learning and espousing one idea, yet continuing to enact a different idea, out of habit, without even noticing the contradiction.



Kennedy (2016)

## 3. A sense of urgency to apply learning?



Are teachers given the time, guidance and support they need to enact what they learn?

Are expectations about teachers enacting what they learn communicated?

Is teachers' transferability to practice monitored to inform further CPD?

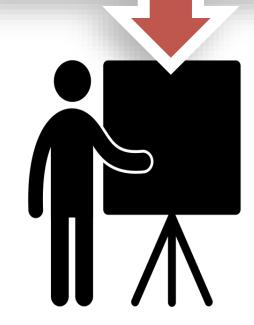
### 4. No us and them?







TOP-DOWN CPD 'done at' teachers Management agenda Little teacher say



### 4. No us and them?





4. No 'us' and 'them'



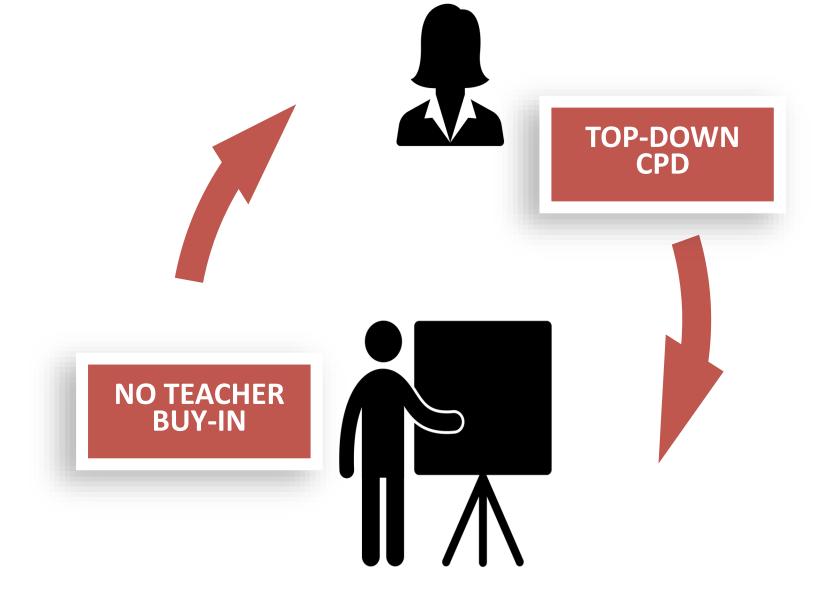
#### NO TEACHER BUY-IN

Reluctance to take part, resistance, cynicism, unwillingness to enact learning



### A vicious circle





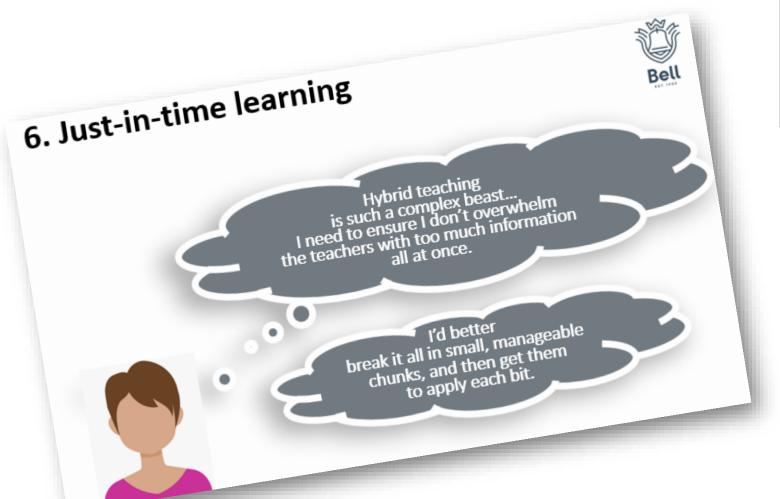
## 5. One-step aheadness

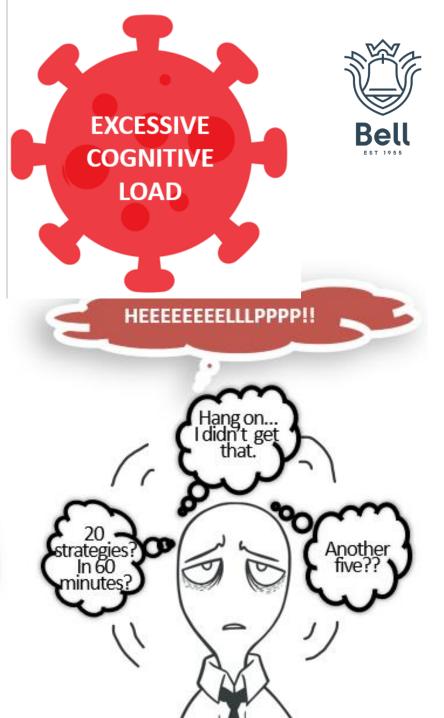






## 6. Just-in-time learning?





## Not enough 6. Just-in-time learning







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### Lessons from disruption



- 1. Make the need to learn (even more) explicit
- 2. Ensure the CPD programme is relevant
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- 4. Decide, learn and evaluate together
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## Lesson 1: Make the need to learn explicit



#### THE NEED TO KNOW

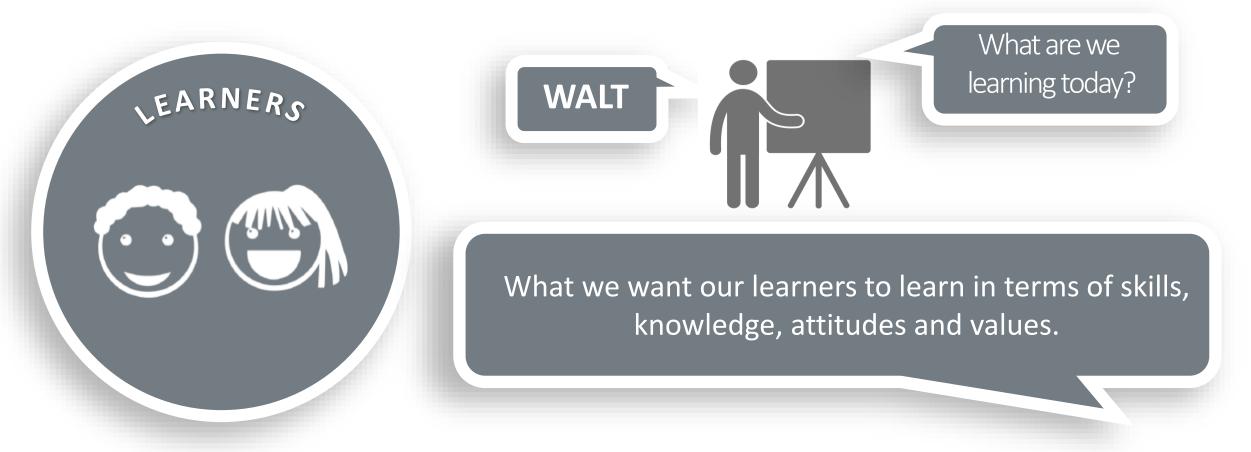
Adults need to know why they need to learn something before undertaking to learn it. The first task of the facilitator of learning is to help the learners become aware of the need to know.

At the very least, facilitators can make an intellectual case for the value of the learning in improving the effectiveness of the learners' performance.

**Knowles (1973)** 

## Making the need to learn explicit: **LEARNING INTENTIONS**





## Making the need to learn explicit: **LEARNING INTENTIONS**





### Learning intentions **EXAMPLE**



#### WHAT

Today we're going to learn...

- 1. about the Annotate function of Zoom
- how you and your students can annotate on the Zoom whiteboard
- 3. what you and your students can use annotations for

#### WHY / WHAT FOR

This will enable you to...

- 1. record emergent language during online and hybrid lessons
- 2. see the result of groupwork during breakout groups
- 3. manage whole-class feedback effectively by drawing on what your students have produced

## Making the need to learn explicit: **LEARNING INTENTIONS**





### What teachers learn for

# Bell

#### TO CREATE BETTER LEARNING FOR THEIR STUDENTS





## Making the need to learn explicit: LEARNING INTENTIONS + IMPACT STATEMENTS





## Making the need to learn explicit: MAKING IMPACT STATEMENTS



How will our **STUDENTS** benefit from our teachers learning this?

A FRAME FOR SHARING IMPACT STATEMENTS

In this ...

we/you will...

SO THAT...

(workshop, webinar, course, etc)

Say what teachers will learn or gain (i.e. THE LEARNING INTENTIONS)

State the reason(s) for learning it in terms of **benefits** for them **AND THEIR STUDENTS** 

## Learning intentions + impact statements **EXAMPLE**



#### WHAT

Today we're going to learn...

- about the Annotate function of Zoom
- how you and your students can annotate on the Zoom whiteboard
- what you and your students can use annotations for

#### WHY / WHAT FOR

This will enable you to...

- record emergent language during online and hybrid lessons
- see the result of groupwork during breakout groups
- manage whole-class feedback effectively by drawing on what your students have produced

#### **SO THAT**

your students can...

- 1. see and have an accurate record of the spelling, stress patterns, etc of emergent language
- 2. summarise their discussions in breakout groups and share them with the rest of the class
- 3. show (dis)agreement, opinions about other students' work

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## Lesson 2: Making CPD relevant

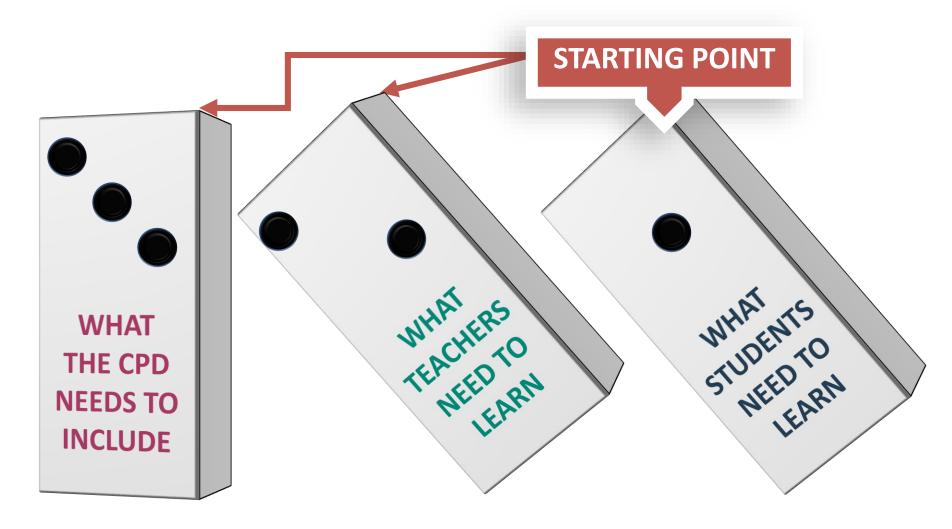


1. Link teacher learning with student learning

2. Differentiate teacher learning

## Making CPD relevant: LINK TEACHER WITH STUDENT LEARNING





## Making CPD relevant: **DIFFERENTIATE TEACHER LEARNING**



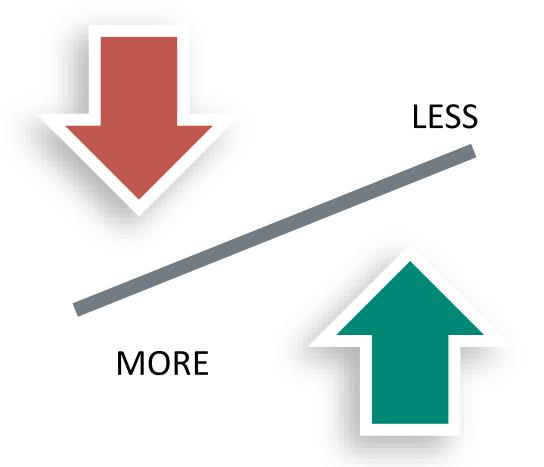


NOT all the teachers
have the same prior knowledge,
experience and depth of expertise
so it is important to adapt
teacher learning to make it
appropriate to all

## Making CPD relevant: **DIFFERENTIATE TEACHER LEARNING**



DIFFERENT CHOICES OF TOPICS AND ACTIVITIES



SELF-STUDY MATERIAL

DEMONSTRATIONS / VIDEOED MODELS

WORKED EXAMPLES

ANALYSIS AND REFECTION TASKS

EXPERIMENTATION AND EVALUATION TASKS

**GUIDANCE** 

**AUTONOMY** 

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## Lesson 3: Creating urgency to apply learning



- 1. Set high expectations of transferability to practice
- 2. Monitor transferability to inform future CPD
- 3. Design CPD that ensures transferability to practice

## Creating urgency to apply learning Ensure transferability by design



FORMAT 1 – Share 'good practice'

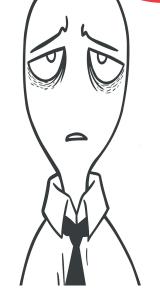


Dan Maria
Using CANVA Using MENTIMETER
20 minutes 20 minutes

Anna Using PADLET 20 minutes EXCESSIVE COGNITIVE LOAD

SUPERFICIAL COVERAGE





## Creating urgency to apply learning Ensure transferability by design





FORMAT 2 – 'From Input to impact'



**INPUT** 

WHY LEARN...?
WHAT IS...?
HOW DOES ...WORK?
(STUDENT AND
TEACHER
EXPERIENCE)

**2** 

PLANNING TO USE ...

TO TEACH ...

JOINT PLANNING

PEER FEEDBACK

3

**IMPLEMENTING...** 

TO TEACH ...
EXPERIMENTATION
ONGOING EVALUATION

4

SHARING EXPERIMENTATION EXPERIENCES EVALUATION

### Lessons from disruption



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## Lesson 4: Decide, learn, evaluate together



- 1. Consult teachers about the what and the how
- 2. Participate in CPD as both leader and learner
- 3. Design supported opportunities for peer teaching and learning
- 4. Get teacher feedback on the quality and impact of the CPD programme
- 5. Use teacher feedback and data on impact to inform future CPD

## Lessons from disruption

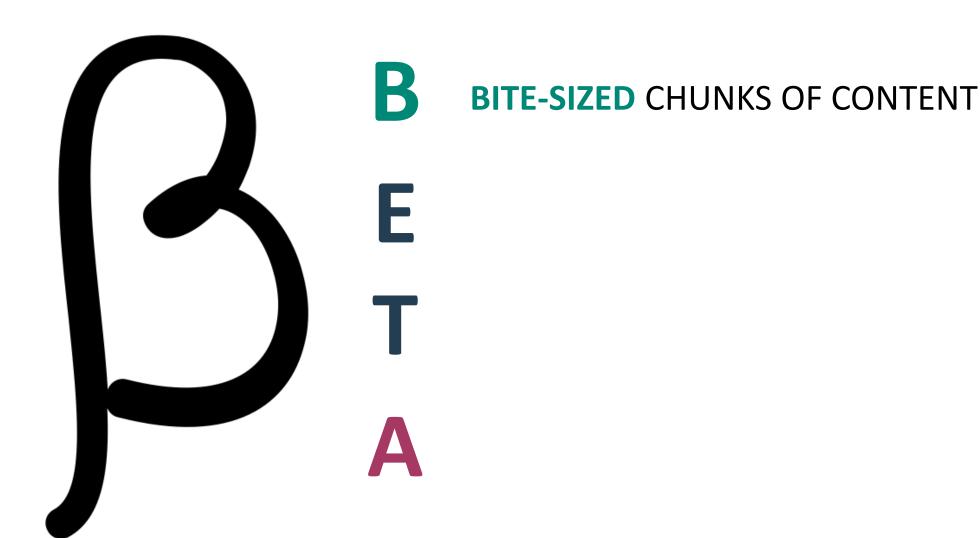


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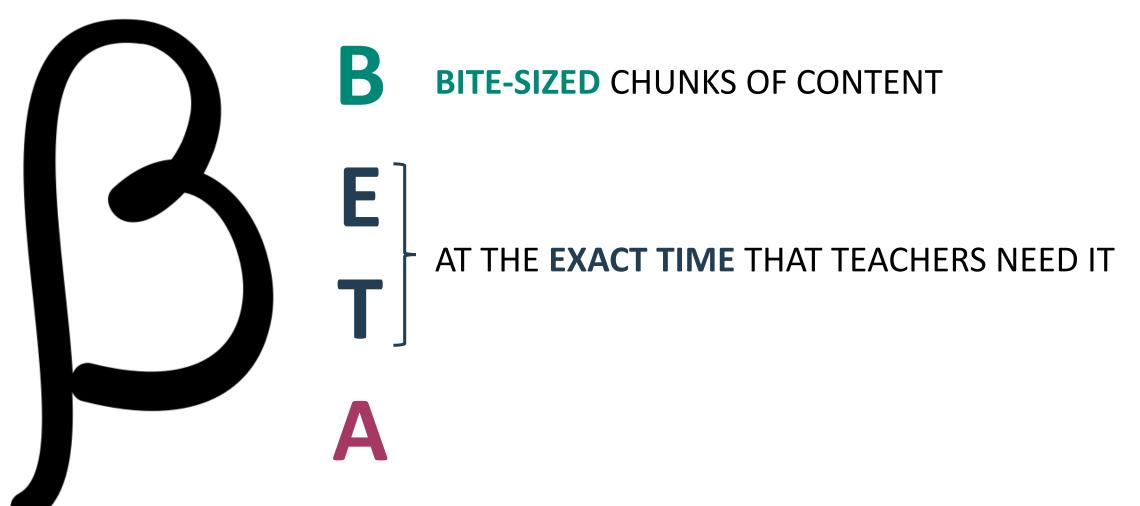




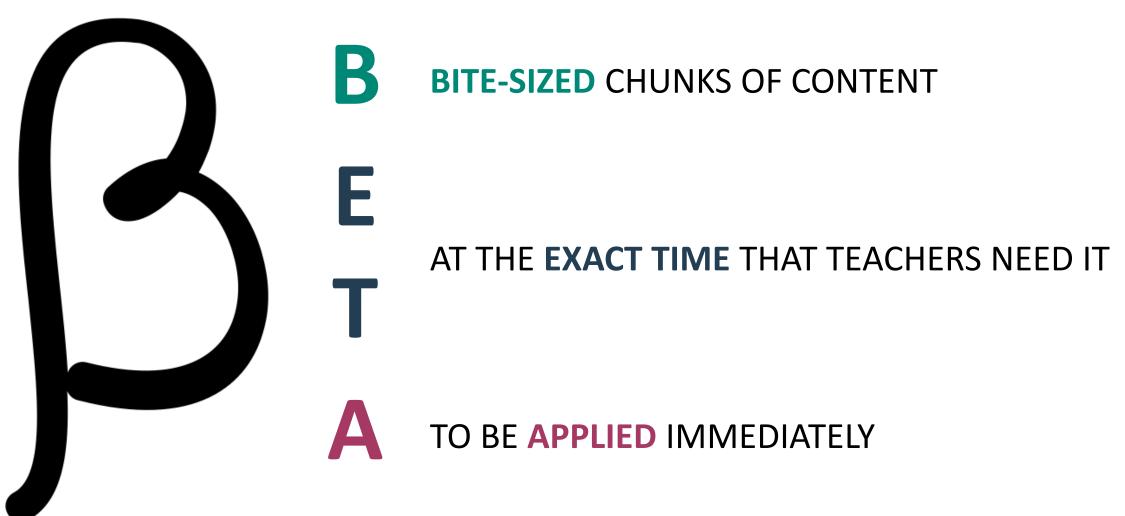














## It's in your power

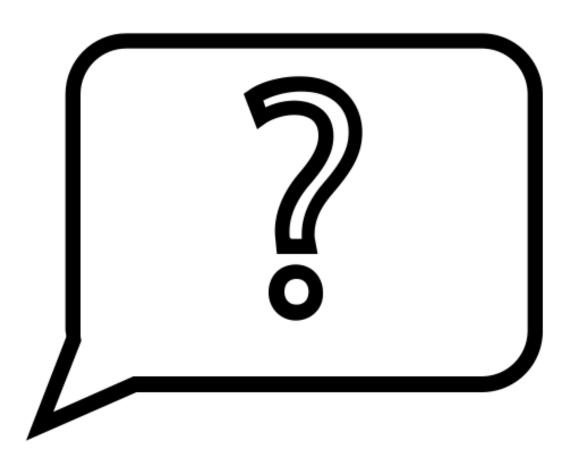






## Any questions?







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